

## Appendix B

### Definitions for CTP Maps

#### Highway Map

- ❑ **Freeways<sup>1</sup>**
  - Functional purpose – high mobility, high volume, high speed
  - Posted speed – 55 mph or greater
  - Cross section – minimum four lanes with continuous median
  - Multi-modal elements – High Occupancy Vehicles (HOV)/High Occupancy Transit (HOT) lanes, busways, truck lanes, park-and-ride facilities at/near interchanges, adjacent shared use paths (separate from roadway and outside ROW)
  - Type of access control – full control of access
  - Access management – interchange spacing (urban – one mile; non-urban – three miles); at interchanges on the intersecting roadway, full control of access for 1,000' or for 350' plus 650' island or median; use of frontage roads, rear service roads
  - Intersecting facilities – interchange or grade separation (no signals or at-grade intersections)
  - Driveways – not allowed
- ❑ **Expressways<sup>1</sup>**
  - Functional purpose – high mobility, high volume, medium-high speed
  - Posted speed – 45 to 60 mph
  - Cross section – minimum four lanes with median
  - Multi-modal elements – HOV lanes, busways, very wide paved shoulders (rural), shared use paths (separate from roadway but within ROW)
  - Type of access control – limited or partial control of access;
  - Access management – minimum interchange/intersection spacing 2,000 feet; median breaks only at intersections with minor roadways or to permit U-turns; use of frontage roads, rear service roads; driveways limited in location and number; use of acceleration/deceleration or right turning lanes
  - Intersecting facilities – interchange; at-grade intersection for minor roadways; right-in/right-out and/or left-over or grade separation (no signalization for through traffic)
  - Driveways – right-in/right-out only; direct driveway access via service roads or other alternate connections
- ❑ **Boulevards**
  - Functional purpose – moderate mobility; moderate access, moderate volume, medium speed
  - Posted speed – 30 to 55 mph
  - Cross section – two or more lanes with median (median breaks allowed for U-turns per current NCDOT *Driveway Manual*)
  - Multi-modal elements – bus stops, bike lanes (urban) or wide paved shoulders (rural), sidewalks (urban - local government option)
  - Type of access control – limited control of access, partial control of access, or no control of access
  - Access management – two lane facilities may have medians with crossovers, medians with turning pockets or turning lanes; use of acceleration/deceleration or right turning

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<sup>1</sup> Every effort will be made to ensure that all Tier 1 (Statewide importance) facilities on the NCMIN (North Carolina Multimodal Investment Network) will be Freeway or Expressway on the Comprehensive Transportation Plan